Department of Chemical Engineering

Revised Syllabus

Of

Third Year

Chemical Engineering



Shri Guru Gobind Singhji Institute of Engineering &Technology,Vishnupuri-Nanded

Year-2020-21

Shri Guru Gobind Singhji Institute of Engineering &Technology,Vishnupuri-Nanded

(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra)

Department of Chemical Engineering

Vision of the Department

To provide world class education and enable the students to provide engineering solutions for industry and society in the field of Chemical Engineering

Mission of the Department

- 1. To impart formal education in Chemical Engineering and allied areas at under graduate level by integrating a variety of project experiences at every level of the curriculum.
- 2. Students will be able to apply the knowledge of Chemical Engineering confidently for future applications in the science and technology.
- 3. To work in network and develop a rapport with world class R&D organizations, educational institutions and industries in India
- 4. To encourage students for research and development activities, entrepreneurship and start-ups
- 5. To impart sufficient analytical, logical and managerial skills so that the graduates will be able work comfortably in today's everdemanding and multi-disciplinary environment

SGGS INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, NANDED

(An Autonomous Institute of Government of Maharashtra)

T.Y. B.Tech. (Chemical Engineering)

Curriculum Structure: Academic Year: 2020-2021 onwards

1) Program Education Objectives (PEOs):

- 1. A fundamental understanding of the basic and engineering sciences and develop computational and analytical skills required for Chemical Engineering.
- 2. This program will enable students to provide engineering designs that are based on sound principles considering functionality, aesthetics, safety, cost effectiveness and sustainability.
- 3. Graduates will be competent enough for higher studies, entrepreneurship/start-ups and administrative services in India as well as abroad.
- 4. To inculcate in the students professional and managerial skills, communication skills and the life-long learning attitude.

2) Program Outcomes (POs):

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- 1. **Engineering Knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem Analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and Engineering sciences.
- 3. **Design/Development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

- 6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions and.
- 11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.

3) Table of Correlation of PEOs and POs as below:

(Correlation Matrix (Correlation between the PEOs and the POs)

PO/PSO 🔿	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
🖡 PEO												
PEO-1	\checkmark	\checkmark			✓							
PEO2			\checkmark			✓	✓				✓	
PEO3				✓					√		√	✓
PEO4								\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark

4) Structure of curriculum:

		Sem	nester V						
S.N.	Course Code	Course Title		Hours	per we	ek	Credit	Total	
	along with category						Th	Pr	
1	PCC-CH301	Mass Transfer-II		03	-	02	03	01	04
2	PCC-CH302	Chemical Reaction Engineering-I		03	-	02	03	01	04
3	PCC-CH303	Process Equipment De Drawing	esign &	03	-	-	03	-	03
4	PCC-CH304	Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering	Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering			02	02	01	03
5	PEC-CH3**	Core Elective-I		03	-	-	03	-	03
6	OEC-CH3**	Open Elective-I		03	-	-	03	-	03
7	SII-CH312	In plant Training*		-	-	-	-	-	-
			Total	17		06	17	03	20
		n plant training during wi semester-II of T.Y.	nter vacatio	on (Sem-	-I of T	.Y.) a	nd evalu	ation	will
Core	Elective-I List:		Open Elective-I:						
1. PE	C-CH305: Strengtl	1. OEC-CH309:Instrumentation and Analytical							
2. PE	C-CH306:Plant Ut	Techniques							
3. PE	C-CH307: Materia	2. OEC-CH310: Air Pollution And Control							
	Engine	3. OEC-C	CH311: C	Corros	ion Ei	ngineeri	ng		
4. PE	C-CH308: Advanc	e Fermentation							
	Technol	logy							

		Ser	nester VI						
S.N	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per			Crea	lits	Total	
				weel	ĸ				
				L	Т	Р	Th	Pr	
1	PCC-CH321	Process Dynamics and O	Control	03	-	02	03	01	04
2	PCC-CH322	Chemical Reaction Eng	ineering-II	03	-	02	03	01	04
3	PCC-CH323	Plant Design & Econom	nics	03	-	-	03	-	03
		Management							
4	PCC-CH324	Chemical Process Indus	tries	03	-	-	03	-	03
5	PEC-CH3**	Core Elective-II		03	-	-	03	-	03
6	OEC-CH3**	Open Elective-II		03	-	-	03	-	03
7	SII-CH312	In plant training		-	-	02		01	01
			Total	18		06	15	03	21
Core	Elective-II List:		Open Elective-II	:					
	EC-CH325: Polym		1. OEC-CH329: Project Planning & Manageme					ement	
2. PE	EC-CH326: Advar	nce separation	2. OEC-CH330: Renewable Energy Sources					3	
	Techn	3. OEC-CH331:	Solic	l wast	e Ma	nagen	nent		
	EC-CH327: Memb								
4. PE	EC-CH328: Fuel C								
SGGSIE	&T Nanded- Revised Sy	llabus of T.Y. B.Tech (Chemical)	2020-21					Pa	ge 5

5) Syllabus of course: <u>Semester V</u>

i) Title of course:	Mass Transfer-II (PCC-CH301, Credit-04) (L-03, T-0,P-02)
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Ability to estimate pressure drop, bubble size, TDH, voidage, heat and mass transfer rates for gas absorber. Ability to scale up mass transfer processes for drying. Calculate energy balance, yield of crystals and quantity of mother liquor in crystallizer. Use of concept of various mass transfer operations with real life
	 application 5. Able to do separation by adsorption and design of chromatographic separation equipment's.
iii) Course objectives:	1. To study the fundamentals of various separation techniques related to mass transfer operations.
	2. Teach students how to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems involving gas absorption, drying, Crystallization, Humidification and dehumidification etc.
	3. Teach students basic of advance separation techniques such as membrane separation, desalination technology, dialysis technique.
	4. To understand the fundamentals about mass transfer coefficients and to solve the examples related to mass transferring devices.
	5. To understand the importance of various mass transfer operations equipment's such as dryer, absorption tower, crystallizer, cooling towers etc. in process industries.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
•	-	-		-								
CO 1	2	3	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	1
CO5	2	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Gas Absorption: Mechanism of gas absorption, equilibrium in gas absorption, application of mass transfer theories to absorption, absorption in wetted wall columns, values of transfer coefficient, absorption in packed tower and spray tower, calculation of HETP, HTU, NTU, calculation of height of packed and

	spray tower. Absorption in tray towers, absorption and stripping factors, tray efficiencies, calculation of number of trays for absorption, absorption with chemical reaction, numericals.						
Unit -II	Drying:						
	Principles, equilibrium in drying, type of moisture binding, mechanism of						
	batch drying, continuous drying, time required for drying, mechanism of						
	moisture movement in solid, design principles of tray dryer, rotary dryer,						
	drum dryer, spray dryer, fluidized bed and spouted bed dryer, pneumatic						
	dryer and vacuum dryer, numericals						
Unit -III	Introduction to Membranes Separation technology:						
	Reverse osmosis, ultra-filtration, evaporation, micro filtration, design						
	principles, permeability, desalination technology, dialysis technique,						
	membranes selection and parameters to be considered in design of						
	membranes separation technology						
Unit -IV	Crystallization:						
Child IV	Theory of Crystallization, saturation, super saturation, nucleation and						
	crystal growth, various equipments for crystallization, their operational						
	and design characteristics, calculation of yield, enthalpy balances,						
	equipment						
Unit -V	Humidification and dehumidification:						
Omt V	Equipment's operational characteristics, design procedures and selection						
	criteria along with mass transfer calculations, Types of cooling towers,						
	cooling tower operational characteristics, numerical.						
Text book:							
	ass Transfer Operations, Edition 3 rd , McGraw Hill Book Co., New York						
Reference books:	ass mansier operations, Edition 5°, we of a with book co., New Tork						
	ransfer and Mass Transfer, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.						
	Banchero J.T.; Introduction to Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill Book						
Co., New Yor							
-	Unit Operations, John Wiley & Sons, New York.						
	y P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering Vol-I &II,Khanna						
publishers, No							
L '	, Richardson J.F.; Chemical Engineering Vol.II, edition 3 rd , Perganon Press,						
New York (19							
	.: Mass Transfer In Engineering Practice, John Wiley & Sons.						
•	, Smith J.M.&Harriot P.; Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 5 th						
	raw Hill Book Co., New York, 1993.						
Lab work:	10W 1111 DOOK CO., 11CW 101K, 1773.						
	tray driver: To study the driving Characteristics of a solid material under						
	1. Natural draft tray dryer: To study the drying Characteristics of a solid material under batch drying conditions.						
	of drying rate and to plot moisture lost with time under for different						
operating con 3 Forced draft t							
	ray dryer: To correlate the constant drying rate with air mass velocity.						
	- To study the design and Operating Principles of Spray Dryer						
J. Kotary Dryer	– To study the Characteristics of Rotary Dryer.						

- 6. Batch Crystallizer: To study the performance of a batch crystallizer. To determine the crystal yield and efficiency of crystallizer.
- 7. Swenson Walker Crystallizer: To determine the crystal yield and efficiency of crystallizer.
- 8. To study the performance evaluation of fluid bed dryer.
- 9. To study the characteristics Cooling Tower experiment. To determine rate of evaporative cooling.
- 10. Mass transfer Coefficient To determine the Mass Transfer Coefficient for Absorption in a Packed Tower
- 11. Absorption in sieve plate column: To study, absorption of CO₂ in aq.NaOH solution in sieve plate column. To determine the gas phase mass transfer coefficient.
- 12. Enhancement Factor To find the enhancement factor for absorption with and without chemical reaction.

Note: Total Experiments to be conducted/designed: 8

i) Title of course:	Chemical Reaction Engineering-I (PCC-CH302, Credit-04) (L-03, T-0,P-02)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. To get the knowledge about the basic concepts of reaction kinetics, rate and order of reactions.
	2. Able to calculate material, energy and behaviour of the reaction balance for reactors.
	3. Able to develop and apply performance equations for batch and continuous reactors.
	4. Able to perform arrangement of reactors and accordingly evaluate the performance of reactors (sizing and volume).
	5. Develop skill to choose the right reactor among single, multiple, recycle etc. schemes and able to understand recycling process and the
	effect of selectivity and the yield of reactions.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. The fundamental concepts of Reaction Engineering and type of reactions.
	2. To understand and solve various numerical related to the reaction kinetics and engineering.
	3. Enhance their knowledge on types of reactors, working of reactors, different types of arrangements of reactors to optimise the conversion and economics.

PO/PSO 🔿	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
🖡 co												
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction to Chemical Reaction Engineering: Classification of reaction based on various terms, Reaction rate, Chemical kinetics, Variables affecting rate of reaction, Speed of reactions, Problems.
Unit -II	Kinetics of Homogeneous Reactions: Concentration dependent term and temperature dependent terms of rate equation, Single and multiple reactions, Elementary and non-elementary reactions, Molecularity and order of reaction, Rate constant, Representation of reaction rate, Kinetic models, , searching mechanism, rate controlling step. Temperature dependency from Arrhenius' law, thermodynamics, various theories, Activation energy, Problems
Unit -III	Interpretation of Batch Reactor Data: Constant volume batch reactor, Variable volume batch reactor, Integral method and differential method of analysis of kinetic data, other methods of analysis of kinetic data, Temperature and reaction rate, Problems
Unit -IV	Introduction to Reactor Design: Types of reactors, PFR, CSTR etc., Material & energy balances single ideal reactor, Space-time and space- velocity, holding time, Introduction of non-ideal flow, Problems. Ideal Reactors for a Single Reaction, Ideal Batch Reactor, Steady State Mixed Flow Reactor, Steady State Plug Flow Reactor, Isothermal Reactors for single Reactions Problems, Design for Single Reactions, Size comparison of single reactors, General graphical comparison, Multiple reactor system, Recycle reactor, Autocatalytic reactions, Problems.
Unit -V	Design for Parallel Reactions & Series: Introduction to design of parallel reactions, Qualitative and Quantitative discussion on product distribution, Contacting patterns, Reactor Size and arrangement, Selectivity, Yield, reactors in series, reactors of different types in series, reactors of different types in series, Problems, qualitative and quantitative discussion for multiple reactions, instantaneous and overall fractional yield, problems.
Unit -VI	Temperature and Pressure Effects: Single and multiple reactions, Heats of reaction from thermodynamics, Equilibrium constant, Temperature, Graphical design procedure, Optimum Temperature Progression, Heat Effects, Adiabatic and non-adiabatic operations, Problems

Text books:

Levenspiel, "Chemical Reaction Engineering", 3rd Edn., Wiley Easter Ltd., New York, 1999 *Reference:*

- 1. J.M. Smith, "Chemical Engineering Kinetics", 3rd Edn., McGraw Hill, New York, 1981.
- 2. Arora, Heat Transfer and Mass Transfer, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi. .
- 3. Badger W.L., Banchero J.T.; Introduction to Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill Book Co.New York.
- 4. Brown G.G.; Unit Operations, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 5. Chattopadhyay P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering Vol-I &II,Khanna publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. Coulson J.M., Richardson J.F.; Chemical Engineering Vol.II, edition 3rd, Perganon Press, New York (1987).
- 7. Lyderson A.L.: Mass Transfer In Engineering Practice, John Wiley & Sons.
- 8. McCabe W.L., Smith J.M.&Harriot P.; Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York, 1993.

Lab work:

Lab work: Perform any eight practical's

- 1. Study of First order reaction.
- 2. Inversion of Sucrose.
- 3. Study of pseudo first order reaction. Acid catalysed hydrolysis of methyl acetate .
- 4. To determine reaction rate constant and Saponification reaction study in plug flow reactor.(Straight tube)
- 5. Saponification reaction study in packed bed reactor. To determine reaction rate constant.
- 6. CSTR: To study the progress of suitable chemical reaction. To determine reaction rate constant. To study the efficiency of mixing.
- 7. Batch Reactor: To study the progress of suitable chemical reaction and kinetic parameters. To determine the effect of Temperature on reaction rate constant.
- 8. Continuous Stirred Tank Reactor.
- 9. Plug flow tubular reactor (Helical coil): To determine reaction rate constant.
- 10. Study of different types reactors in series. To determine reaction rate constant. Study of Isothermal batch reactor.

i) Title of course:	Process Equipment Design & Drawing (PCC-CH303, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-00)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand the principles and theories combined with a practical knowledge of the limits imposed by environmental, safety and health concerns to design of new process and expansion and revision of the existing process.
	 Understand the various mechanical properties of materials to be used as material of construction, resistance of metals to corrosion under varying conditions of temperature and pressure.
	 3. Conveniently use of various codes and standards in design and their application in designing new processes. 4. Able to design various process equipment's and their requisite

	accessories as per standards. 5. Able to do use of software's for design of equipment's.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. The various aspects of mechanical design in the chemical process plant
	2. To Understand, Stresses upon the design and analysis of the basic process equipment viz. vessels, heat exchanger, distillation column, agitators, driers and evaporators etc.
	3. The course emphasizes on the development of design skills among the students to take design related decisions

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Design Prerequisite: Materials of construction: Mechanical properties, Materials, Corrosion, Protective coating, Corrosion prevention, Choice of materials. Design codes, Maximum working pressure, Design pressure, Design Temperature, Design stress, Factors of safety, Selection of factor of safety design wall thickness, Corrosion ratio, Poisson ratio, Criteria of failure, Elastic stability.
Unit -II	Design of Pressure Vessels: Importance of chemical process equipment design, design procedure for pressure vessels subjected to internal pressure, external pressure and combined loading, closures for pressure vessels, optimum proportions of pressure vessels, optimum sizing of vessels Design of pressure vessels subjected to high pressure, monoblock construction, shrink fit construction.
Unit -III	Process Design of Heat Exchanger : Introduction, Types Of Heat Exchanger, Process Design of Shell and Tube Heat Exchanger. Process Design of plate type heat exchanger. Evaporator: Introduction, Types of Evaporators, Methods of Feeding of Evaporators, Design of Evaporator
Unit -IV	Design of Distillation column:

	Design of Sieve Tray for Distillation Column Design of Bubble Cap Tray
	for Distillation Operation. Agitators: Introduction, Types Of Agitators,
	Baffling, Power Requirements, Design Of Turbine Agitator.
Unit -V	Design of Dryers: Introduction, Type of Dryers, Design of Rotary
	Dryer. Crystallizer Design: Introduction, Types of Crystallizers, Design
	of crystallizers.

Text Book:

M.V.Joshi, V.V. Mahajan, Design of Process Equipment Design, 3rd Edition, McMillan India.

References books:

- 1. B. C. Bhattacharya, Introduction to Chemical Equipment Design (Mechanical Aspects) CBS Publisher & Distributors, New Delhi.
- 2. Coulson & Richardson, Chemical Engineering (Vol VI), Pergamon Press.
- 3. R.E.Treybal, Mass Transfer Operations, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. S.D. Dawande, Process Design of Equipments (Vol. 1& 2) Central Techno Publications, Nagpur.
- 5. G.K.Roy, Solved Problems In Chemical Engg., Khanna Publications, NewDelhi.
- 6. J.H.Perry, Chemical Engineer's Hand Book, McGrawhill, New Delhi.

i) Title of course:	Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering (PCC-CH304, Credit-03)
	(L-02, T-0,P-02)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Apply numerical methods to solve problems involving material and energy balances, fluid flow operations, heat and mass transfer, evaporation, thermodynamics and mechanical operations
	2. Determine roots of algebraic equations, solution of simultaneous equations and ordinary differential equations
	3. Solve problems using regression analysis, interpolation, extrapolation and numerical differentiation and numerical integration
	4. Able to write Computer programming in modular form & applicability of subroutines libraries to design modules.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	Familiar with fundamentals of computer programming and application Study various numerical methods & able to solve problems related to unit operations.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

() Course Content:	
Unit -I	Systems of linear equation, solutions by methods of determinants, matrix
II. A II	inversion for solution of equations, Gauss elimination method.
Unit -II	Roots of algebraic and transcendental equation, iteration methods, Regula
	false method, Newton Rapson Method, roots of simultaneous and solution set of transcendental and algebraic equations. Development of equations
	for heat transfer, fluid mechanics and reaction engineering problems.
Unit -III	Elements of optimization techniques, single variable function
Ollit III	optimization direct search, with and without acceleration, method o
	regular intervals and Fibonacci search method, gradient methods.
Unit -IV	Computer programming in modular form, use of subroutine libraries
Oline IV	Block diagrams of preliminary aids in programming, capacity
	optimization.
Text books:	
	, and Jain: Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists, Wile
Eastern, 1995	,
,	utation for Chemical Engineering by Leon Lapidas, MacGraw Hill, Lates
Edition.	
Reference:	
1 S D Cante a	and C. de Boor, Elementary Numerical Analysis, an algorithmic approach
1. D. D. Cante a	and C. de Bool, Elementary Numerical Anarysis, an argorithmic approach
McGraw-Hill	
McGraw-Hill	
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedit	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80.
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedit	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Science
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi Applications, Lab work:	, 2000. /heatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000.
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi Applications, Lab work:	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Line	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Linea 1 Regular	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, <i>Lab work:</i> i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-I ii) Non Linea 1 Regular 2 Newton	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi: Applications, <i>Lab work:</i> i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Linea 1 Regular 2 Newton iii) Linear Al	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi: Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Lines 1 Regular 2 Newton iii) Linear Al 1 Gauss E	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method gebra Limination Method
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi: Applications, Lab work: i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Lines 1 Regular 2 Newton iii) Linear Al 1 Gauss E	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method gebra Elimination Method hent Of Program Based On Numerical Techniques For Followin
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedia Applications, <i>Lab work:</i> i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Linea 1 Regular 2 Newton iii) Linear Al 1 Gauss E iv) Developn	, 2000. Theatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. .; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method gebra limination Method hent Of Program Based On Numerical Techniques For Followin ons
McGraw-Hill 2. Gerald and W 3. Spiegel, M.R Company; 19 4. K.S. Trivedi: Applications, <i>Lab work:</i> i) Ordinary 1 Euler's 2 Runge-J ii) Non Linear 1 Regular 2 Newton iii) Linear Al 1 Gauss E iv) Developm Application	, 2000. 'heatley: Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1999. ; Theory and problems of Probability and statistics; McGraw-Hill Boo 80. Probability Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Scienc Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2000. Differential Equations Method Kutta Method ar Differential Equations Falsi Raphson Method gebra limination Method hent Of Program Based On Numerical Techniques For Followin, ons ansfer

i) Title of course:	Strength of Materials (PEC-CH305, Credit-03)(L-03, T-0,P-00)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand the use of basic concepts of Resolution and composition of forces.
	2. Analysis of the beams, truss or any engineering component by applying conditions of equilibrium
	3. Understand the different stresses and strains occurring in components of structure
	4. Calculate the deformations such as axial, normal deflections under different loading conditions.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. To impart basic knowledge on various industrial engineering materials and their properties
	2. To analysis of various lamina and solids for locating their centre of gravity and calculating their moment of inertia
	3. To provide the knowledge about stress & strain and its phenomena
	and to provide a fundamental knowledge on the design aspects of
	beams, columns and shells.

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Phase Diagrams & Properties of Engineering Materials: Gibb's Phase rule : Unary and Binary phase diagrams, Al2O3 - Cr2O3, Pb-Sn, Ag-Pt and Iron- Iron Carbide Phase Diagram – Lever rule – Invariant reactions – TTT diagrams – Micro structural changes – Nucleation and growth – Martensitic transformations – Solidification and Crystallization – Recrystallization and Grain growth Properties of materials: Mechanical, Physical & Chemical properties. Industrial Engineering Materials – Ferrous & Non Ferrous metals & alloys – Introduction to various heat treatment processes & Mechanical tests
Unit -II	Simple Stress and Strain: Introduction to elasticity – Stress & Strain – Types of stresses & strain – Stress Strain curve and relationship – Hooke's

law – Modulus of Elasticity & Modulus of Rigidity. Deformation body due to force acting on it – Deformation of a body due to self-	
body due to force acting on it – Deformation of a body due to self-	
	-
Principle of Superposition – Stress & Strain analysis in bars of	• •
sections and bars of different section – Stresses in bars of un	iformly
tapering sec	
Unit -III Centre of Gravity & Moment of Inertial: Introduction to Cen	troid &
Centre of Gravity – Methods of Centre of gravity for Simple fi	gures –
Centre gravity of plane figures by geometrical consideration – Ce	entre of
gravity by method of moments for symmetrical & unsymmetrical la	amina –
Centre of gravity for solids and cut sections Concept of Moment of	f Inertia
& Methods for Moment of Inertia – Moment of Inertia for Rect	tangular
sections	
Unit -IV Shear Force & Bending Moment Diagrams: Introduction to B	Beams –
Types of Loading – Shear force and Bending Moments	– Sign
conventions – SFD & BMD for Cantilever beams and simply su	pported
beams with point loads, UDL and UVL.	
Unit -V Thin cylindrical & Spherical Shells: Introduction – Fractur	re of a
• •	
cylindrical shell due to internal pressure, stress in thin cylindrical	
cylindrical shell due to internal pressure, stress in thin cylindrical circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical	snells –
circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical	
circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical change in dimensions of thin cylindrical shell due to internal pre-	
circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical	
circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical s change in dimensions of thin cylindrical shell due to internal pre- change in volume due to internal pressure	essure –
circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical change in dimensions of thin cylindrical shell due to internal pre-	essure –
<i>Circumferential & longitudinal stress. Design of thin cylindrical stress. Design of thin cylindrical stress change in dimensions of thin cylindrical shell due to internal present change in volume due to internal pressure Text books:</i> Raghavan V, "Materials and Engineering" Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi	essure – (2006)

 William A.Nash, Theory and Problems of Strength of Materials, Schaum's Outline Series. McGraw Hill International Editions, Third Edition, 1994.

i) Title of course:	Plant Utility (PEC-CH306, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-00)
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Able to State the principle involved during water treatment, generation of steam and its uses, refrigeration cycles. Understand the concepts of different equipment's used to run the process plant with different utilities. Understand basic calculation involved in the utility generation units, and able to recognize colour code of systems. Acquire the knowledge for selection of different utilities.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about 1. The various process utilities in chemical industries.
	 The various process durines in chemical industries. The importance of the various process plant utilities to run the plant

	smoothly.
3	. The steam generation and its distribution.
4	. The importance of steam economy and also the importance of insulation
	in any chemical plant.

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Various process utilities: their role and importance in chemical plants. Water Sources of water and their characteristics; Treatment storage and distribution of water; Sources of water, hard and soft water, Requisites of industrial water and its uses, Methods of water treatment, Chemical softening, Demineralization SS, Resins used for water softening 8 Reverse osmosis and membrane separation. Effects of impure boiler feed water & its treatments. Scale & sludge formation, Corrosion, Priming & foaming, Caustic embrittlement. Cooling purposes, drinking and process; Reuse and conservation of water; Water resource management
Unit -II	Steam generation and Utilization: Steam generation and its application in chemical process plants, distribution and utilization :Problems based on enthalpy calculation for wet steam, dry saturated steam, superheated steam, steam economy, Steam condensers and condensate utilization Expansion joints ,flash tank design, steam traps their characteristics, selection and application, waste heat utilization.; Lagging, selection and thickness. Selection and Sizing of Boilers; Types of Boilers, Scaling, trouble shooting, preparing boiler for inspection, Boiler Act.
Unit -III	Compressors, blowers and Vacuum Pumps: Compressors, blowers and vacuum pumps and their performance characteristics; Methods of developing vacuum and their limitations, material handling under vacuum, Piping systems; Lubrication and oil removal in compressors and pumps. Air filters, Air and gas leakage. Inert gas systems, compressed air for process, Instrument air. Refrigeration cycles . Different methods of refrigeration used in industry. Vapour compression Vapour absorption: Lithium bromide (eco-Friendly). Different refrigerants, Monochlorodifluoro methane (R-22), Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC-Free), Secondary refrigerants: Brines Simple calculation of C.O.P. Refrigerating effects

Unit -IV	Insulation : Importance of insulation for meeting the process requirement, insulation materials and their effect on various material of equipment								
	piping, fitting and valves etc. insulation for high intermediate, low and								
	sub-zero temperatures, including cryogenic insulation.								
Unit -V	Psychometric: Properties of Air-water vapours. Use of humidity chart,								
	Equipment used for humidification, dehumidification, Evaporative								
	cooling, spray ponds, cooling towers								
Unit -VI	Non Steam Heating System: Thermic fluid heater, down therm heater,								
	Temperature range, Principle and working								

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Nordell, Eskel, "Water Treatment for Industrial and Other Uses", Reinhold PublishingCorporation, New York.
- 2. Goodall, P. M., "The Efficient Use Of Steam" IPC Science and Technology
- 3. Lyle O. Efficient Use of Steam, 1963
- 4. S.T. Powel "Industrial water treatment" McGraw Hill, Newyork
- 5. Chattopadhya" Boiler operations" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 6. P.N.Ananthanarayan Refrigeration & Air conditioning, Tata McGraw Hill.

Material Science and Engineering (PEC-CH307, Credit-03)(L-03, T-0,P-00)
1. Gain basic knowledge and application of different type of materials.
2. Understand the mechanical behaviour of materials and the science behind the failure.
3. Get familiar with different heat treatment techniques.
4. Capable to choose the types of corrosion and methods to prevent it.
Students will learn about
1. Various solid engineering materials.
2. The properties (electrical, mechanical, thermal etc) of different engineering materials.
3. The manufacturing process of different engineering materials and the operations involved in it.
-

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	2	3	3	-	-			-	-	-	1

Ferrous Metals: Important varieties of iron ores. Cast iron: types, Mechanical, Thermal and Electrical properties and uses of cast iron. Pig iron: Types of pig iron. Wrought iron: Mechanical, Thermal and Electrical properties and uses of wrought iron. Steel: factors affecting physical properties of steel and uses of steel (No manufacturing process).
Non Ferrous Metals: Aluminium, cobalt, copper, lead, magnesium, nickel, tin and zinc their properties and uses. Mechanical, Thermal and Electrical Properties
Alloys: Introduction to Phase-Diagrams of metals and its alloys; Fe-Fe3C; Cu-Ni, Cu-Zn, Al- Cu equilibrium diagrams, methods of improving strength, and applications of metals and alloys. Mechanical, Thermal and Electrical Properties.
Glass: Definition, classification, composition, types and Thermal and Electrical Properties of glass.
Polymers: Introduction, Classification, Polymerization, Polymerization techniques, molecular weights of polymers crystallinity in polymers, structural and technological function of polymers, Degradation of polymers, Additives for polymers, Biopolymers Nylon-66, nylon-6, polyesters, polycarbonates, polyurethanes', PVC, polypropylene, rubber
Phase Deformation: Single phase metal deformation, failure of metals
Composite Materials & Nano Materials : Classification, Constituents of composites, fibers, glass fibers Carbon fibers, Aramid fibers, Semiconductors ,Super conductors, Surface Modifications using linings of plastics, rubber, glass, ceramics with special reference to the applications in Chemical Industries. Introduction, Classification of nano materials, fullerenes, and inorganic nano particles, applications.

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Materials in Industry by W J Patton, Prentice Hall Publication.
- 2. Introduction to Engineering Materials by Aggrawal, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 3. Material Science by Narula, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 4. Elements of Metallurgy by H S Bawa, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 5. Materials Sci&Engg. By William D.Callister, Jr, An introduction by Willy International.
- 6. Material Science & Metallurgy by O.P. Khanna, Dhanput Rai Publication.
- 7. Material Science and Engineering by V.Raghavan, Prentice Hall.

i) Title of course:	Advance Fermentation Technology (PEC-CH308, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-00)
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Able to devise the isolation and improvement methods base on metabolic pathways of products. Ability to design, formulate and sterilize the media for different inocula on large scale. Able to understand design and operation of basic control loops with respect to fermentation process.
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about 1. This course helps students to understand various requirements in the
	fermentation industry like measurement of variables, process control, modelling and simulation of fermenters.

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	3	3	1	-		-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Fermentation Processes and Parameters:
	General requirements of fermentation processes and an overview,
	configuration of fermentor and ancillaries, main parameters to be
	monitored and controlled in fermentation processes.
Unit -II	Media Design for fermentation process:
	Criteria for good medium, medium requirements for fermentation process,
	points to be considered in selection of different nutrients including
	oxygen, formulation of optimal growth and product formation, examples
	of simple and complex media, design of various commercial media for
	industrial fermentation- medium optimization methods.
Unit -III	Sterilization of media:
	Over view on fermentation technology, history of development of
	fermentation industry, Introduction, Design of bath sterilization processes-
	calculation of Del factor, holding time,
	Rechards rapid methods for sterilization cycles, design of continuous
	sterilization processes, sterilization of fermenters, feeds liquid wastes,
	filter sterilization media, air, exhaust air, theory and design of depth filters

Unit -IV	Instrumentation for Measurement and Control of Variables								
	Introduction to process variables, instruments used for measurement and								
	control of temperature, flow measurement and control, measurement and								
	control of pressure, rate of stirring, control of foam, oxygen and pH.								
Unit -V	Production of value added compounds from renewal sources								
	Productions of primary and secondary metabolites: Biopolymers								
	Biodeseal, Bioethanol, amino acids, antibiotics								

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Peter F. Stanbury J. Hall & A. Whitaker," principles of fermentation Technology", pergamon.1995
- 2. Scragg A. H "Bioreactors in Biotechnology", Edited Ellis Horwood limited England1991.
- 3. Pauline M Doran, "Bioprocess Engineering Calculation.

!) T:41	Lasteres estation and Analytical Task sizes (OEC CH200, Cardit 02)
i) Title of course:	Instrumentation and Analytical Techniques (OEC-CH309, Credit-03)
	(L-03, T-0,P-00)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. To Understand application tools for quantitative and qualitative analysis
	2. The students will understand basic fundamental and operating principle for different analytical instruments like GC, GCMS, LC, LCMS, FTIT, UV-Vis etc.
	3. Understand principles of thermogravimetry and differential thermal analyses.
	4. Understand the data processing acquisition and validation techniques
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. To understand the fundamental analytical chemistry for instrumentation
	2. To understand the basic processes used in Instrumental Analytical Techniques
	3. Introduce the student to the techniques of troubleshooting instruments in the chemical laboratory.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	3	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-		-	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	An introduction to analytical chemistry: choice of analytical methodology, sampling, sample preparation, chemical analysis, tools for quantitative chemical analysis, quality assurance.
Unit -II	Introduction to Chromatography, high-pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC), gas chromatography (GC) and other chromatographic methods. Detector types with a focus on mass spectrometry and hyphenated techniques such as GC-MS and LC-MS.
Unit -III	UV-Visible Spectrophotometry and Fluorescence Beer-Lambert's law, limitations, Molecular fluorescence, influencing factors, basic instruments, standardization, quantitative methods, Applications.
Unit -IV	Atomic spectrometry, atomic absorption, X-ray fluorescence methods Flame atomic emission and absorption, flame emission photometer, flame absorption spectrometer, spectral interferences, quantitative aspects, X-ray fluorescence principle, Instrumentation, quantitative analysis.
Unit -V	Thermo-analytical methods Thermogravimetry, Differential thermal analysis, differential scanning calorimetry, Principle, Block diagram, Applications, Quantitative determinations.
Unit -IV	Introduction to data processing, errors in chemical analyses, statistical analyses (including chemometrics) and data presentation. Method development, evaluation, validation, and QA/QC measures. Uncertainty analysis.

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: Willard, Merritt Dean.
- 2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical analysis-Anand Chatwal
- 3. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis B.K. Sharma.
- 4. Harris, D.C., Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 7th Edition, W.H.Freeman, and company, New York 2006.
- 5. McNair, H. M., and Miller, J. M., Basic Gas Chromatography, 1 st Edition, John Willy and Sons, Inc, Singapore, 1998.
- 6. Palvia D. L., Lampman G. M., Kriz G. S. and Vyvyan J. R., Introduction to Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, Brooks/Cole, Belmont USA, 2009.
- 7. Snyder L. R, and Kirkland J. J., Introduction to Modern Liquid Chromatography, 2 nd Edition, A Wiley Interscience Publication, New York, 1979.

i) Title of course:	Air Pollution and Control (OEC-CH310, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-00)						
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Students would be able to understand the type and nature of air pollutants, the behavior of plumes and relevant meteorological determinants influencing the dispersion of air pollutants. Students would get exposure to air pollution engineering problems. The basic understanding of methods available for controlling point, line and area sources. 						
	4. Know the design characteristics of Electrostatic Presipitators, Fiber Filters, Cyclones, and Gravity Settlers for the removal of fine particulates.						
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about						
	1. Students would get an insight into the dispersion of air pollution in the atmosphere.						
	2. Students would understand the control methodologies of several pollutants viz. SOx, NOx, CO, HC etc.						
	3. To understand the principles of air pollution control equipments.						

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	3	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	3	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	2	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Air Pollution Definitions, Scope, Significance and Episodes, Air
	Pollutants Classifications, Natural and Artificial, Primary and Secondary
	air pollutants, Point, Line and Areal Sources of air pollution, Stationary
	and mobile sources, Effects of Air pollutants on man, material and
	vegetation, Global effects of air pollution, Green House effect, Heat
	Island, Acid rains, Ozone Holes etc.
Unit -II	Meteorology and plume Dispersion, Properties of atmosphere, Heat,
	Pressure System, Winds and moisture, plume behavior and plume Rise
	Models, Gaussian Modal for Plume Dispersion. Control of particulates,
	Control at Sources, Process Changes, Equipment modifications, Design
	and operation of control. Equipment's: setting chambers, cyclone
	separators, filters, Dry and Wet scrubbers, Electrostatic preceptors.
Unit -III	Control of gaseous emissions, General Methods of control of NOx and

	SOx emissions, In plant Control Measures, process changes, dry and wet methods of removal and recycling, Adsorption, Absorption and Combustion.
Unit -IV	Air Quality Management, Monitoring of SPM, SOx; NOx and CO Emission standards, Air sampling, Sampling Techniques, High volume air sampler, stack sampling, Analysis of Air pollutants, Air quality standards, Air pollution control act.

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Air pollution By M.N.Rao and H.V.N.Rao Tata Mc Graw Hill Company
- 2. Air pollution By Wark and Warner Harper & Row, New York.
- 3. An introduction to Air pollution by R.K Trivedy and P.K Goel, B.S.

i) Title of course:	Corrosion Engineering (OEC-CH311, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-00)							
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand the principles of corrosion							
	2. Determine corrosion rates for industrial equipment and metallic structures.							
	3. Calculate corrosion rates using electrochemical work station.							
	4. Understand corrosion resistant coatings, oxide layers.							
iii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about							
	1. Principles of corrosion and its impact on economy.							
	2. Sample preparation and testing methodology.							
	3. Various corrosion preventation tequniques and application of modern theory for evaluation of alloy materials.							

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	1	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction & Corrosion Principles: Definition of corrosion, impact on economy, Electrochemical reactions, Corrosion rate expressions, Polarization, Passivity, Metallurgical aspects.

Eight Forms of Corrosion: Galvanic corrosion, crevice corrosion, pitting,
intergranular corrosion, erosion corrosion, stress corrosion, hydrogen
damage
Corrosion testing: Specimen preparation, exposure tests, open corrosion
potential, linear polarization, Tafel slopes, corrosion current, stress
corrosion, slow-strain-rate tests AC impedance.
Corrosion Prevention: Cathodic protection, sacrificial anode methods of
corrosion prevention, Anti-corrosion coatings.
Modern Theory-Principles & Applications: Alloy evaluation, Nobel metal
alloying, velocity effects, galvanic coupling.

Text books and Reference books:

- 1. Fontana M, Corrosion Engineering, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
- 2. Pierre Roberge, Corrosion Engineering: Principles and Practice, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 3. Denny A. Jones, Principles and Prevention of Corrosion, 2nd Edition, Pearson-Prentice Hall, 2005.

i) Title of course:	In plant Training*(SII-CH312, Credit-01) (L-00, T-0,P-00)
	Students will go for in plant training of 3-4 weeks during winter vacations
	and their evaluation will be done in sixth semester.
ii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. Students will get exposure of industry environment.
	2. Students will get more knowledge of various unit operations run by
	industry.
	3. Students will get exposure to various processes of chemical plant.

Syllabus of course: <u>Semester VI</u>

i) Title of course:	Process Dynamics and Control (PCC-CH321, Credit-04) (L-03, T-0,P-02)										
ii) Course Outcomes:	1: Evaluate the dynamic behaviour of processes										
	2: Analyse stability of feedback control system 3: Design PID controllers										
	4: Determine frequency response for controllers and processes 5: Apply advanced control schemes for processes										
	6: Identify the characteristics of control valves										
iii) Course objectives:											
	1. System Dynamics and concepts of dynamic response and										
	representation of dynamic systems by equations and by transfer										
	functions in block diagrams.										
	2. Methods of solving linear, constant-coefficient ODEs by Laplace										
	transform and numerical methods.										
	3. Estimation of the stability limits for system, with or without control										
	4. Process of enhancing, feedback control with cascade, feed forward,										
	and model-based structures.										
	5. Fundamentals of sensors, valves, transducers, controllers.										

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	3	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO6	2	2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction to process control. Laplace transforms. Response of first order systems: Transfer Function, Transient Response, Forcing Functions and Responses. Examples of first and second order systems. Linearization, Transportation Lag. State space models – linear and nonlinear models.

		Linearization.				
	Unit -II	Components of a control system, Development of Block Diagrams,				
		Controllers and Final Control Elements. Closed loop Transfer functions				
		Standard Block-Diagram Symbols, Transfer Functions for Single-Loop				
		Systems and Multi-loop Systems.				
Unit -III Transient response of simple control systems: Servo Problem, Regulato Problem, Controllers: Proportional, Proportional-Integral, Pl Controllers. Ziegler-Nichols and Cohen-Coon Controller Settings. Mod based controller design methods: direct synthesis method and IM method.						
	Unit -IV Stability: Routh Test and Root Locus Techniques. Introduction frequency Response: Substitution Rule, Bode Diagrams. Control syst design based on frequency response: Bode and Nyquist Stability Criteri Gain and Phase Margins.					
Unit -V Advanced Control Strategies: Cascade Control, Feed-forward C Ratio Control, Dead-Time Compensation (Smith Predictor), Split Control. Control Valves: Types of Control Vales, Valve Sizing, Characteristics, Valve Positioner.						
Text b	ook:					
St	tephanopoulos	G., Chemical Process Control, an Introduction to Theory and Practice, PHI				
Learin	ngPvt. Ltd. New	v Delhi				
Refere	ence books:					
1.	Babatunde A	A., Ogunnaike& Ray W.H.; Process Dynamics, Modeling and Control,				
	Oxford Press,	, New York, (1994).				
2.	Coughnowr Hill Book Co	D.R.; Process Systems Analysis and Control: 2Nd Edition McGraw				
3.	Harriot P.; Pr	ocess Control, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1984.				
4.	Perry R.H.; C	hemical Engineer's Handbook, 7thEdition.				
5.	Radhakrishna	n V.R.; Instrumentation and Control for the Chemical Mineral and Processes, Allied Publishers Ltd., New Delhi.				
6.		A. &Corrieio A.B.; Principles and Practice of Automatic Process Controls ohn Wiley & Sons, New York				
Lab v						
1.		t order system and determination of time constant for first order system.				
	•	second order interacting and non-interacting system and determination of				
		, overshoot and decay ratio.				
3.		gain of proportional controller.				
3. 4.	•	cess simulation.				
	• •					
5.	To study of P					
6.	TO Study the	PID Controller.				

7. To study proportional controller

8. Calibration and determination of time lag of various first and second order instruments

9. Set point setting and study of operation of the system and set point setting

10. Study of safety valve actuating system.

11. PC based control of any of equipment ex Heat Exchanger/ Distillation column. Flow control study using P,P-I,P-I-D, Controllers.

Note: Total Experiments to be conducted/designed: 8

i) Title of course:	Chemical Reaction Engineering-II (PCC-CH322, Credit-04)
	(L-03, T-0,P-02)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Able to understand concepts flow pattern, RTD of fluid reactors and
	F,C,E curve.
	2. Ability to understand the spectrum of kinetics, rate equation and pore
	diffusion effects, product distribution in multiple reactions.
	3. Analyse the problems of mass transfer with reaction in solid
	catalysed reactions and deactivation reactions.
	4. Application and evaluation of design and mass transfer phenomenon
	with chemical reaction in fluid-fluid reactions.
	5. Able to understand, develop, apply various models for solid particle
	reactions and find out rate controlling steps in case of solid fluid
	reactions.
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. Basic concepts of Flow Pattern, Contacting, and Non-Ideal Flow &
	dispersion model.
	2. Fundamentals of Heterogeneous Reactions & solid catalysed
	reactions, Spectrum of kinetic regimes, Surface kinetics and rate
	equation, pore diffusion, porous catalyst, Heat effects
	3. Concepts and application of Catalyst and Catalytic Reactors
	4. Kinetics and Design of Fluid- Fluid Reactions and Fluid- Particle
	Reactions

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
•	-	-	-									
CO 1	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	3	3	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

y) Course Content:							
Unit -I	Flow Pattern, Contacting, and Non-Ideal Flow:						
Ont -1	Non ideal flow in reactors, RTD of fluid in reactors, Age distribution, F						
	curve, C curve and E curve, Compartment model, Dispersion model, Tanl						
	in Series model, Problems.						
Unit -II	Introduction to Heterogeneous Reactions:						
olint II	Examples of heterogeneous reactions, contacting pattern and flow						
	modelling, Problems						
Unit -III	Solid Catalysed Reactions:						
Omt m	Introduction and Spectrum of kinetic regimes, Surface kinetics and rat						
	equation, pore diffusion, porous catalyst, Heat effects, Performance						
	Equation, Experimental methods and rate equation, Controllin						
	Resistance, Product distribution in multiple reactions, Problems.						
Unit -IV	Introduction to Catalyst and Catalytic Reactors:						
	Typical Catalysts, Catalyst Characterizations, Catalyst Deactivation an						
	Regeneration, Packed bed reactor, Fixed Bed, Fluid Bed, Trickle bed						
	Slurry Reactors etc. Hydrodynamic Cavitations. Problems.						
Unit -V	Kinetics and Design of Fluid- Fluid Reactions:						
Unit - v	8						
	The rate equation, Kinetic regimes for mass transfer and reaction, Fas						
	reaction, Intermediate reaction, Slow Reactions, Factors to select th						
	contactor, Straight mass transfer, Various cases of mass transfer wit						
TT . T7T	chemical reaction, reaction kinetics, Problems.						
Unit -VI	Kinetics and Design of Fluid- Particle Reactions:						
	Various models for fluid-solid reactions, Shrinking core model, Rate of						
	reaction, Reaction/Mass transfer Control, Rate controlling steps, plug flow						
	and mixed flow of solids, Problems.						
Text book:							
	, "Chemical Reaction Engineering", 3rd Edn., Wiley Easter Ltd.						
New York,1							
Reference books:							
	Chemical Engineering Kinetics", 3rd Edn., McGraw Hill, New York, 1981.						
	ransfer and Mass Transfer, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.						
· · ·	, Banchero J.T.; Introduction to Chemical Engineering, McGraw Hill Book						
Co.New York							
	Unit Operations, John Wiley & Sons, New York.						
	Chattopadhyay P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering Vol-I &II,Khanna						
5. Chattopadhya	iy P., Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering Vol-1 & II, Khanna						
1 1							
publishers, N	ew Delhi.						
publishers, N	ew Delhi.						
publishers, N 6. Coulson J.M. New York.	ew Delhi.						
publishers, N 6. Coulson J.M. New York. Lab work: 1. To determine	e the effect of residence time on conversion and to determine the rat						
publishers, N 6. Coulson J.M. New York. Lab work: 1. To determine constant by u	ew Delhi. , Richardson J.F.; Chemical Engineering Vol.II, edition 3 rd , Perganon Press e the effect of residence time on conversion and to determine the rat using plug flow reactor.						
publishers, N 6. Coulson J.M. New York. Lab work: 1. To determine constant by u 2. To determine	e the effect of residence time on conversion and to determine the rat						

- 3. Determination of residence time distribution and dispersion number for packed bed reactor.
- 4. Study of saponification reaction in combined reactor.
- 5. To study the kinetic of emulsion polymerization of styrene in a batch reactor under isothermal condition.
- 6. To study of a non-catalytic homogeneous reaction in series arrangement of PFR and CSTR.
- 7. To study of a catalytic homogeneous reaction in a batch reactor under adiabatic condition.
- 8. Catalytic hydrolysis of ethyl acetate in spinning basket reactor (for batch operation).
- 9. Catalytic hydrolysis of ethyl acetate in spinning basket reactor (for continuous operation).
- 10. Studying the kinetics of Etherification reaction.Studying the kinetics of Neutralization reactionNote: Total Experiments to be conducted/designed: 8

i) Title of course:	Plant Design & Economics Management (PCC-CH323, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Able to Develop plant layout drawings that will help in installation procedures of new process plants. Capable to understand the basic engineering fundamentals that include process selection, flow sheet preparation and economics of the particular process plant. Understand the basic concepts of cost estimation and profitability analysis of process plants.
	 Able to understand the process equipment design concepts and perform various optimization techniques to optimize various parameters such as heat duty of heat exchanger, production rate of various process plants.
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. Chemical Engineering Plant Design includes all engineering aspect involved in the development of either a new, modified, or expanded industrial plant.
	2. To study the development of all overall design projects involves many different design considerations & laws.
	3. Cost estimation means all cost required for industrial operation; its factors affecting different types of investment & production costs.
	4. Project feasibility tested by economic profitability evolutions by various techniques and optimum design considerations approach

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction to the Chemical Engineering Plant Design: Process design development; cost estimation; Factors affecting
	Profitability of investment; optimum design; practical consideration of design; design approach; process design development; design-project
	procedure; flow diagrams; preliminary design; comparison of different processes; scale-up in design; safety factors; computer Aided Design.
Unit -II	General design consideration: Plant location, plant site, plant layout; plant operation & Control; utilities structural design; storage; material handling; Waste disposal; pollution control; cost &asset Accounting; outline for accounting procedure; Basic relationship in accounting; Balance Sheet; income statement; cos accounting methods; numerical
Unit -III	Cost Estimation: Cash flow for industrial operation; factors affecting investment & production cost; Capital investment (CI); Estimation Of CI; Cost Index Cost Factors in CI; Estimation Of TPC; Interest &Investment Cost; type o Interest; Normal & effective Interest Rates; Continuous Interest; presen worth & discount; annuities; Numerical.
Unit -IV	Depreciation and Profitability: Types of depreciation; service life; Salvage life; Present Value; Method to determine Depreciation; straight line method; Declining Balance Method; Sum-of-year-digits method; Sinking Fund method; Numerical
	Profitability, alternative investments and replacements; profitability standards; Discounted Cash flow; numerical.
Unit -V	Optimum Design & Design Strategy : Incremental Cost; Intangible &Practical Considerations; General procedure for determining optimum conditions; the break-even chart for production schedule & its significance for optimum analysis; optimum production rate in plant operation; optimum conditions for cyclic operations; Accuracy & sensitivity of results; the strategy of linearization for optimization analysis; numerical.

Text book:

Max S. Peters, Klaus D. Timmerhaus; Plant design & Economics for Chemical Engineers; McGraw Hill International Book Company, New Delhi.

Reference books:

- 1. F.C. Vilbrandtand C.E. Dryden, Chemical Engineering Plant Design; McGraw Hill, International Book Company
- 2. Perry's Chemical Engineer's handbook.

i) Title of course:	Chemical Process Industries (PCC-CH324, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Students can understand synthesis and production process of the required product.
	2. Students can understand flow diagram with various Instrumentation and Process symbols.
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. the advancement in chemical process industries and its application to chemical engineering
	2. Able to draw the process flowsheets with reactions.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	2	2	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction and overview of Chemical Process Technology. Preparation of process flow diagrams, Instrumentation diagrams, and Process symbols.
Unit -II	Petroleum refinery processes: Introduction to crude oil, Crude refining processes (i) physical processes (Desalting/dehydration, Crude distillation, Propane deasphalting Solvent extraction and dewaxing, Blending, (ii) Chemical process (thermal process – Visbreaking, Delayed coking, Flexicoking), Catalytic Processes – Hydrotreating, Catalytic reforming, Catalytic cracking, Hydrocracking, Catalytic dewaxing, Alkylation, Polymerization, Isomerization
Unit -III	Petrochemical Industries: production of petrochemical feedstocks, olefins, and aromatics, intermediates from olefins and aromatics. Manufacture of ethylene, propylene, butylenes, benzene, toluene etc.
Unit -IV	Inorganic Chemical Industries: chloro–-alkali industries, manufacture of acids-sulfuric, nitric, phosphoric acids, Fertilizers- ammonia, urea, Ammonium sulfate, ammonium nitrate, Urea, SSP and TSP

	and miscellaneous fertilizers.
Unit -V	Natural products -manufacture of sugar, starch, and its derivatives, Pulp,
	Paper, oil and fats, Rayon industries. Edible oils: extraction and refining,
	fat splitting, soaps, and detergents.
Unit -VI	Polymerization industries (ethylene, polyethylene, propylene,
	polypropylene, butylenes, benzene, toluene, PVC and polyester synthetic
	fibers etc.

Text book:

1. Dryden, Outlines of Chemical Technology, Edited and Revised by M.Gopala Rao and S. Marshall, 3rd Ed., Affiliated East-West, New Delhi, 1997.

Reference books:

1. T. G. Austin and S. Shreve, Chemical Process Industries, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1984.

2. P. H. Groggins, Unit Processes in Organic Synthesis, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill, 1984.

i) Title of course:	Polymer Technology (PEC-CH325, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Apply the techniques and their characteristics/limitations of synthesis of polymers.
	2. Identify the structure-processing-property relationship of polymers.
	3. Understand and apply the various processing and manufacturing techniques
	4. Understand the basic issues involved in polymer blends, composites and nano-composites.
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. To provide a broad and fundamental knowledge of the polymers and their chemical, physical and mechanical behavior.
	2. To impart the knowledge of various processing techniques along with the production of polymers
	3. The students will be able to correlate structure-processing-properties relationships for polymers, blends and composites including nanocomposites.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
🖡 CO												
CO 1	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

y) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction: Comparison of thermoplastics and thermoset plastics;
	Thermoset plastics - Types of resins, Interpenetrating Polymer Networks
	(IPN); Thermoplastics - Types of aliphatic and aromatic thermo plastics,
	copolymers, Blends and alloys; Liquid crystal plastics; cellular plastics;
	oriented plastic materials.
Unit -II	Processing: Basics of process design, Classification & general aspects of
	processes - molding & forming operations, Post die processing
	Decoration of plastics - Printing, Vacuum Metalizing, In-mold decoration
	Additives & Compounding - Different types of additives, Batch mixers
	continuous mixers, Dispersive and distributive mixing, Characterization of
	mixed state. Fundamentals on Viscous & Viscoelastic behavior of
	polymer melt, Rheological measurements and Polymer processability
	Non isothermal aspects - Temperature effect on rheological properties
	Crystallization, Morphology & Orientation, plastic memory, Molecula
	weight effects on processing and properties.
Unit -III	Properties & Testing of plastics: Basic concepts of testing, National &
	International standards, Test specimen preparation, Pre conditioning &
	Test atmosphere. Identification of plastics by simple test - Visua
	examination, Density, Melting point, Solubility test, Flame test, Chemica
	tests. Effect of shape & structure on material properties, Long - term &
	short - term mechanical properties, crazing, Permeability & barrie
	properties, Environmental-stress cracking, Melt flow index, Hea
	deflection temperature, Vicat softening temperature, Glass transitio
	temperature, thermal conductivity, Co-efficient of thermal expansion
	Shrinkage, Thermal stability, Flammability.
Unit -IV	Waste management & Recycling: Plastics waste and the associate
	problems, Integrated waste management - source reduction, recycling &
	sustainability correlation, energy recovering process. Environmenta
	issues, policies and legislation in India.
Text book:	
Gruenwald G, "Plasti	cs - How Structure Determines Properties", Hanser Publishers, 1993
Reference books:	
	and Collias D. I., "Polymer Processing Principles and Design"
	einemann, 1995
,	Hand Book of Plastics Testing Technology", John Wiley & Sons Inc. New
York	
	Ramamurthy, K.Palanivelu, "How to identify Plastics by Simple Methods"
CIPET, Chenn	
•	andrady (Ed.), "Plastics and the Environment", Wiley Interscience, New
York	

i) Title of course:	Advance separation Technology (PEC-CH326, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)									
ii) Course Outcomes:	 Understand equilibrium and rate governed multistage separation processes. Understand characterization of membranes and separation processes such as reverse osmosis, dialysis, ultra filtration, and electro dialysis. Able to determine the rate of permeate flux for gas permeation through polymeric membranes Study chromatographic separation techniques and molecular sieve separation techniques. 									
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about									
	 The various Membrane separation Processes and their characterizations. The principles and classifications Chromatographic process, reactive distillation and extraction 									
	3. To separate Racemic mixtures and also organic acids or bases by dissociation extraction									

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:											
Unit -I	Membrane separation Processes, Desalination Technology, Reverse Osmosis, gas separation processes, electro – dialysis, adsorption processes.										
Unit -II	Ion Exchange process technology, Chromatographic separation principles and operation, methodology and process design.										
Unit -III	Separation of Racemic mixtures, and its applications, with specific mixtures. Reactive distillation process in kinetics, dissociation extraction, reactive extraction technology. Racemic Separations.										
Unit -IV	Multi-component distillation technology for separation of pure components										
Unit -V	Downstream processing in biochemical industries, protein purification, gel permeation chromatography, metal legend chromatography, dye ligand partitioning and chromatography, affinity chromatography										

Text book & Reference books::

- 1. Sourirajan S.; Reverse Osmosis, Logos Press London, New York, 1970.
- 2. Gautam, R.G.; Membrane filtration, A Hilger Ltd., R. McLaren Bristol.
- 3. Product Recovery in Bioprocess Technology. BIOTOL (Project); Thames Polytechnic; Oxford, Boston, Butterworth Heinmann.
- 4. Perry R.H. and Green D.W., Perry's Chemical Engineering Handbook, VII Edition, McGraw Hill Book Co.
- 5. Richardson J.F.; Chemical Engineering Volume 2, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

i) Title of course:	Membrane Technology (PEC-CH327, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. To understand the basic concepts of different membrane processes
	2. Should get familiar with several separation techniques to apply this knowledge in real life
	3. Able to differentiate membrane modules based on pore size, pattern and structure.
	4. Should capable to do the selection of appropriate membrane for industrial applications
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. Basic concepts of membrane processes
	2. Get idea about design equations and module design
	3. Mechanism of membrane transport and application

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO 🔿	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
L CO												
CO 1	3	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction to Membranes technology : Reverse osmosis, ultra filtration, micro filtration, permeability, desalination technology dialysis technique.
Unit -II	Membrane modules and applications: preparation of industrial RO, NF membranes, their membrane modules and applications.
Unit -III	Design parameters: Design principles, membranes selection and parameters to be considered in design of membranes separation technology
Unit -IV	Mechanism of membrane transport: Gaseous diffusion, Pervaporation,

	elective membranes for purification							
Unit -V	Electro membrane processes: Basic aspects and applications							
Text hook & Reference hooks								

1. C.J. Geankoplis, Transport Processes and Separation Process Principles, 4th Edition, Prentice Hall Inc., 2009.

- 2. McCabe W.L., Smith J.M.&Harriot P.; Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York, 1993.
- 3. J. M. Coulson and Richardson, Chemical Engineering, Particle Technology and Separation Processes, Vol. 2, 4th Edition, Elseiver India, 2006.

i) Title of course:	Fuel Cell Engineering (PEC-CH328, Credit-03)(L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand fuel cell fundamentals.
	2. Analyze the performance of fuel cell systems
	3. Understand construction and operation of fuel cell stack and fuel cell
	system.
	4. Apply the modelling techniques for fuel cell systems
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. The basic chemistry of fuel cell, thermodynamics and theoretical
	electrical work
	2. Fuel for fuel cells and Fuel electrochemistry
	3. Fuel cell design and processing

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO 🔿	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
🖡 co												
CO 1	3	1	1	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	
CO2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	2	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	3	3	3	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Overview of Fuel Cells: What is a fuel cell, brief history, classification, how does it work, why do we need fuel cells, Fuel cell basic chemistry and thermodynamics, heat of reaction, theoretical electrical work and potential, theoretical fuel cell efficiency.
Unit -II	Fuels for Fuel Cells: Hydrogen, Hydrocarbon fuels, effect of impurities such as CO, S and others.
Unit -III	Fuel cell electrochemistry: electrode kinetics, types of voltage losses,

	polarization curve, fuel cell efficiency, Tafel equation, exchange currents.
Unit -IV	Fuel cell process design: Main PEM fuel cell components, materials,
	properties and processes: membrane, electrode, gas diffusion layer, bi-
	polar plates, Fuel cell operating conditions: pressure, temperature, flow
	rates, humidity.
	Main components of solid-oxide fuel cells, Cell stack and designs,
	Electrode polarization, testing of electrodes, cells and short stacks, Cell,
	stack and system modelling
Unit -V	Fuel processing: Direct and in-direct internal reforming, Reformation of
	hydrocarbons by steam, CO2 and partial oxidation, Direct electro-catalytic
	oxidation of hydrocarbons, carbon decomposition, Sulphur tolerance and
	removal, Using renewable fuels for SOFCs
Text book & Referer	nce books:

- 1. Hoogers G., Fuel Cell Technology Hand Book, CRC Press, 2003.
- 2. Karl Kordesch& Gunter Simader, Fuel Cells and Their Applications, VCH Publishers, NY, 2001.
- 3. F. Barbir, PEM Fuel Cells: Theory and Practice, 2nd Ed., Elsevier/Academic Press, 2013.
- 4. Subhash C. Singal and Kevin Kendall, High Temperature Fuel Cells: Fundamentals, Design and Applications, 2003.
- 5. O'Hayre, R. P., S. Cha, W. Colella, F. B. Prinz, Fuel Cell Fundamentals, Wiley, NY 2006.

i) Title of course:	Project Planning & Management (OEC-CH329, Credit-03)							
I) The of course.								
	(L-03, T-0,P-0)							
ii) Course Outcomes:								
	1. Understand basics of Management science and their application in industry							
	2. Able to understand importance of Techno-economic feasibility							
	,Process design –process selection. And analysis of different financial projects.							
	3. Able to understand the basics of Design inventory control, scheduling a project using CPM/PERT.							
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about							
	1. Provide students with a basic understanding of project management principles and practices.							
	2. Increase the student's ability to function effectively on a project team.							
	3. Increase the student's ability to function effectively as a project manager.							
	4. Improve the student's ability to communicate effectively both orally and in writing.							

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	3	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	The World of Project Management: Project Management, Project
	Management vs General Management, Life cycles of projects, Project
	selection methods, Case studies, Examples
Unit -II	The Manager, The Organization and The Team: PM's role, PM's
	responsibilities to the project, Selection of project manager, Project
	management as a Profession, Fitting projects into the parent
	organization, Project team, Case studies
Unit -III	Planning the Project: The contents of a project plan, Planning process,
	Work breakdown structure, Multidisciplinary teams, Case studies
Unit -IV	Budgeting the Project: Methods of budgeting, Cost Estimating, Improving
	cost estimates, Budget uncertainty and risk management, Case studies.
Unit -V	Scheduling the Project: PERT and CPM networks, Project uncertainty and
	risk management, Simulation, Gantt chart, Extensions to
	PERT and CPM, Case studies.
Unit -VI	Allocating Resources to the Project: Expediting a project, Resource
	loading, Resource leveling, Allocating scarce resources to projects.
Text book & Reference	books:
	eredith and others, Project Management: Core Text Book, Wiley India Pvt.
Ltd.,1st Edition,2006	
o C Chaudham Duai	act Management McCrow IIII India

2. S. Choudhary, Project Management, McGraw Hill India.

i) Title of course:	Renewable Energy Sources (OEC-CH330, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand and analyze the present and future energy demand of world and nation.
	2. Understand the techniques to exploit the available renewable energy resources such as solar, biofuels, wind power, tidal and geothermal effectively.
	3. Know about the exploration of nonconventional energy resources and their effective tapping technologies
	4. Acquire the knowledge of modern energy conversion technologies
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. Study various types of conventional and non-conventional energy

resources
2. Describe new and renewable energy sources like solar energy, wind energy, geo-thermal energy, tidal energy, ocean thermal energy.
3. Describe the principles and techniques used in energy conservation and management.

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	3	2	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Introduction -: Energy scene of supply and demand in India and the world, Energy consumption in various sectors, potential of non-conventional energy resources, energy needs and energy supply, sources, contribution of non-conventional energy.
Unit -II	Solar Energy -: Solar radiation and its measurement, characteristics and estimation, limitations in the applications of Solar Energy, Collectors: flat plate and concentrating types, their comparative study; design and material selection, efficiency, selective paints and surfaces. Solar water heater, applications of Solar Energy for heating, drying, water desalination, solar concentrators, photovoltaic power generation using silicon cells. Thermal storages, Solar ponds, Solar pumps, Solar power, Solar cookers. Direct conversion of solar energy to electricity and its various uses, materials, limitations and costs.
Unit -III	Bio- Fuels -: Photosynthesis and generation of bio-gas, digesters and their design, selection of material; feed to digester, pyrolytic gasification, production of hydrogen, algae production and their uses.
Unit -IV	Wind Energy -: Principle of energy from wind, availability, site selection, different types of wind turbines, design criteria and material selection, economics. Geo-Thermal Energy- : Geotechnical wells and other resources dry rock and hot aquifer analysis, harnessing geothermal energy resources. Tidal Energy- : Its meaning, causes of tides and their energy 31 potential, enhancement of tides, limitations, different methods of using tidal power.
Unit -V	Ocean Thermal Energy -: Principles of ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) analysis and sizing of heat exchangers for OTEC
Unit -VI	Energy Conservation: Principles of energy conservation. Familiarization with the different energy conservation appliances and practices, improved cooking stoves, benefits of improved cooking stoves over the traditional cooking stoves. Scope of energy conservation in the domestic, commercial

and agricultural sector.

Text book & Reference books:

- 1. Kothari D.P., "Renewable Energy Sources and Emeriging Technologies", PHI, 2008
- 2. Khan B.H., "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", 2nd edition, McGraw-Hill, 2009
- 3. Solanki C.S., "Renewable Energy Technologies", PHI, 2009
- 4. Rai G.D, "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
- 5. Twiddle J., Weir T., "Renewable Energy Resources", Cambridge University Press, 1986

i) Title of course:	Solid waste Management (OEC-CH331, Credit-03) (L-03, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Capable to understand the concepts of solid waste with methods of handling
	2. Use information related to types and composition of solid waste with methods of handling, sampling and storage of solid waste
	3. Analyze all methods and Select the appropriate method for solid waste collection, transportation, redistribution and Disposal
	4. Describe methods of disposal of hazardous solid waste.
iii) Course objectives:	Student can learn about
	1. Concepts related to solid wastes management.
	2. Know different storage techniques for solid waste, its impact on human health and environment
	3. Understand the fundamentals about solid waste collection and transfer.
• > • • • • • • • •	4. Learn the efficient management of solid wastes.

iv) Articulation Matrix:

PO/PSO ➡ ↓ CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3	2	2	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO2	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	2	1	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	2	1	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	1

v) Course Content:	
Unit -I	Sources and types of municipal solid wastes Sources and types of solid waste - Quantity - Factors affecting generation of solid wastes; Characteristics - methods of sampling and characterization
Unit -II	Effects of improper disposal of solid Wastes - public health effects. Principle of solid waste management - social and economic aspects; Public awareness; Role of NGOs; Legislation. On-site storage and

1	processing On-site storage methods - Materials used for containers - on-
5	site segregation of solid wastes - Public health and economic aspects of
5	storage - options under Indian conditions – Critical Evaluation of Options
Unit -III	Collection and transfer Methods of Collection - types of vehicles -
	Manpower requirement - collection routes; transfer Stations - selection of
	ocation, operation and maintenance; options under Indian conditions
1	Off-site processing Processing techniques and Equipment; Resource recovery from solid wastes - composting, Incineration, Pyrolysis - options under Indian conditions
Unit -V	Disposal Dumping of solid waste; sanitary landfills - site selection, design and operation of sanitary landfills - Leachate collection and treatment
Text book & Reference b	
	noglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil Integrated SolidWaste
-	cGraw-Hill Publishers, 1993.
0	G.HardHe, K.Marek, A.Weissbach, and H.Boeddicker, "Waste
Management", S	pringer, 1994.
	unicipal Solid Waste Management, CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban
	overnment of India, New Delhi, 2000.
4. R.E.Landreth an	d P.A.Rebers, Municipal Solid Wastes - problems and Solutions, Lewis
Publishers, 1997	
5. Bhide A.D. and	Sundaresan, B.B., Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries,
INSDOC, 1993.	
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i) Title of course:	In plant Training (SII-CH312, Credit-01) (L-00, T-0,P-0)
ii) Course Outcomes:	1. Understand the various unit operations and related process of selective industries
	2. Able to express the knowledge of utility section
	3. Able to understand safety and legal laws of industries
	4. Understand applicability of human resource and materials
	management.
	Evaluation of industrial training program is based on report and viva.
ii) Course objectives:	Students will learn about
	1. To introduce the various unit operations and related process of selective industries.
	2. Exposure with various utility of process plant.
	3. Learn the safety and legal laws of industries
	4. Exposure with human resource and material management
iv)Content:	Students will undergo implant training for four or six weeks duration in
	selective industries during Ist semester (winter vacation). They has to get
	exposure on various aspects of process industry. Also they have to prepare
	training report and attempt oral exam at the end of Second semester